

Complementary Therapies

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Together, we can change the course of the HIV epidemic...one woman at a time.

#onewomanatatime

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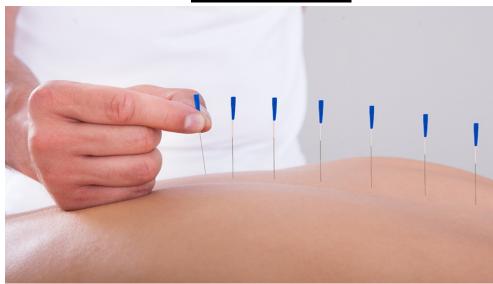


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Complementary Therapies

Complementary/alternative/integrative therapies: health care treatments most often not considered part of conventional (Western)

<u>medicine</u>



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Complementary Therapies

- Using complementary therapies with standard medicines can help people living with HIV live longer, healthier lives; these therapies may
 - Ease side effects of HIV drugs
 - Boost the immune system
 - Improve overall health
- Important for people living with HIV to share any complementary practices with their providers to make sure they are safe with prescribed HIV drug regimen



What are some common complementary therapies?

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Acupuncture

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Practice developed in China thousands of years ago

- Small thin metal needles inserted into skin at points on the body to remove blockages in the flow of **qi**, the life force or vital energy
- Studies show benefits
- Acupuncture can be helpful for pain, headache, nausea, diarrhea, menstrual cramps, menopausal symptoms
- In the U.S., many states require acupuncturists to be licensed; be sure acupuncturist uses only disposable, sterile needles



Aromatherapy

Use of essential oils for emotional/physical health

- Oils are inhaled or rubbed into skin
- Generally used to
 - Reduce pain
 - Improve mood
 - Promote relaxation
- No strong evidence for immune-boosting effects
- Talk to your health care provider before using any essential oils





Biofeedback

- Trains people to control some of the body's operations that usually occur without our having to think about them, such as:
 - Breathing rate
 - Heart rate
 - Blood pressure
- Connecting to devices that measure actions and watching measurements on a monitor
- Most often used to help people with headaches and pain



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Homeopathy

Activates the body's own healing abilities by:

- Giving small doses of diluted substances in a **tincture**
- Based on the idea that "like cures like"
 - Remedies made from small amounts of a variety of plants, minerals, and animal products – crushed, dissolved in liquid
- Results of scientific studies of homeopathy are mixed
- People most often use homeopathy to treat:

- Allergies, asthma, ear infections, digestive disorders

• US FDA regulates these remedies, but does not evaluate their safety or effectiveness





- Trained therapist uses techniques to help individuals:
 - Become deeply relaxed
 - Enter a different state of consciousness called a trance
 - Body relaxes; mind becomes more focused
 - Therapist makes suggestions for behavior change or symptom relief
- Hypnosis can help reduce stress, relieve anxiety, ease pain
 - Used to treat eating disorders, addictions, phobias, insomnia, digestive problems





Massage Therapy

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- Practiced for centuries around the world
- Trained therapist uses their hands to physically handle the body's soft tissues and muscles to:
 - Relieve muscle tightness
 - Improve circulation; clear waste products
 - Boost immune system
 - Reduce stress; help you relax
- Massage therapists in the U.S. are licensed
- Pregnant women should be cautious about getting massages





Mind-Body Techniques

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- Enhance mind's ability to affect bodily functions and symptoms
- Achieving deep relaxation can help ease stress, renew the body; techniques include:
 - Meditation, mindfulness, guided visualization, yoga, Tai Chi
- Studies suggest:
 - Mindfulness meditation may prevent CD4 cells from decreasing when a person living with HIV is under stress
 - In small study, transcendental meditation improved quality of life of those living with HIV; longer study planned





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Herbs and Dietary Supplements

- May include herbs, Chinese herbs, foods and vitamins
- Important to discuss all herbs and supplements with provider to prevent interactions with HIV drugs
 - St. John's Wort, herbal treatment for depression, affects how PIs and NNRTIs act
 - U.S. FDA recommends people taking any type of HIV drugs NOT take St. John's Wort
- Most supplements in the U.S. are not regulated by the FDA





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Complementary Treatment Considerations

- Providers consider health and wellness factors including:
 - Medical history and other conditions
 - Lifestyle
 - Support systems
- Tailored program for each patient, may involve:
 - Diet change; nutritional changes
 - Vitamin and mineral supplements
 - Digestive health treatments
 - Physical activity and exercise
 - Stress reduction





Remember, talk to your provider about any complementary treatments before you use them!

- Medical community is increasingly recommending complementary therapies for many types of conditions
- NIH has developed a department called The National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH) dedicated to the study of these treatments



Learn More!

- To learn more, please read the full fact sheet on this topic:
 - <u>Complementary Therapies</u>
- For more fact sheets and to connect to our community of women living with HIV, visit:
 - www.thewellproject.org
 - www.facebook.com/thewellproject
 - <u>www.twitter.com/thewellproject</u>