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Complementary Therapies

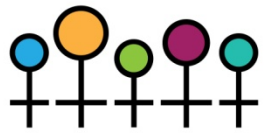
Last updated: September 10, 2020

Together, we can change the course of the HIV epidemic...one woman at a time.

#onewomanatatime

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www.thewellproject.org

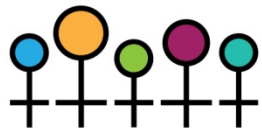


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Complementary Therapies

Complementary/alternative/integrative therapies: health care treatments most often **not considered part of conventional (Western) medicine**

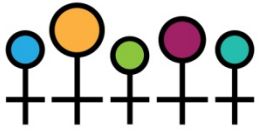




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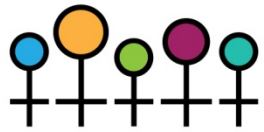
Complementary Therapies

- Using complementary therapies with standard medicines can help people living with HIV live longer, healthier lives; these therapies may
 - Ease side effects of HIV drugs
 - Boost the immune system
 - Improve overall health
- Important for people living with HIV to share any complementary practices with their providers to make sure they are safe with prescribed HIV drug regimen



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***What are some common
complementary therapies?***

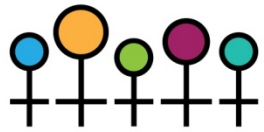


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Acupuncture

Practice developed in China thousands of years ago

- Small thin metal needles inserted into skin at points on the body to remove blockages in the flow of **qi**, the life force or vital energy
- Studies show benefits
- Acupuncture can be helpful for pain, headache, nausea, diarrhea, menstrual cramps, menopausal symptoms
- In the U.S., many states require acupuncturists to be licensed; be sure acupuncturist uses only disposable, sterile needles

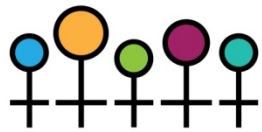


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Aromatherapy

Use of **essential oils** for emotional/physical health

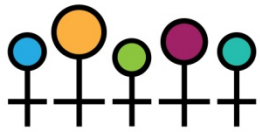
- Oils are inhaled or rubbed into skin
- Generally used to
 - Reduce pain
 - Improve mood
 - Promote relaxation
- No strong evidence for immune-boosting effects
- Talk to your health care provider before using any essential oils



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Biofeedback

- Trains people to **control some of the body's operations that usually occur without our having to think about them**, such as:
 - Breathing rate
 - Heart rate
 - Blood pressure
- Connecting to devices that measure actions and watching measurements on a monitor
- Most often used to help people with headaches and pain

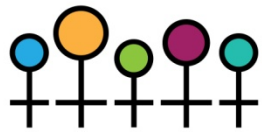


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Homeopathy

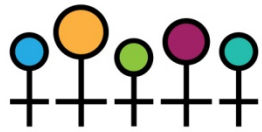
Activates the body's own healing abilities by:

- Giving small doses of diluted substances in a **tincture**
- Based on the idea that "like cures like"
 - Remedies made from small amounts of a variety of plants, minerals, and animal products – crushed, dissolved in liquid
- Results of scientific studies of homeopathy are mixed
- People most often use homeopathy to treat:
 - Allergies, asthma, ear infections, digestive disorders
- US FDA regulates these remedies, but does not evaluate their safety or effectiveness



Hypnosis

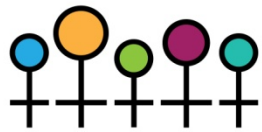
- Trained therapist uses techniques to help individuals:
 - Become deeply relaxed
 - Enter a different state of consciousness called a **trance**
 - Body relaxes; mind becomes more focused
 - Therapist makes suggestions for behavior change or symptom relief
- Hypnosis can help reduce stress, relieve anxiety, ease pain
 - Used to treat eating disorders, addictions, phobias, insomnia, digestive problems



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Massage Therapy

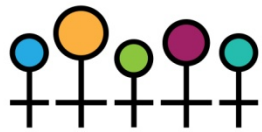
- Practiced for centuries around the world
- Trained therapist uses their hands to physically handle the body's soft tissues and muscles to:
 - Relieve muscle tightness
 - Improve circulation; clear waste products
 - Boost immune system
 - Reduce stress; help you relax
- Massage therapists in the U.S. are licensed
- Pregnant women should be cautious about getting massages



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Mind-Body Techniques

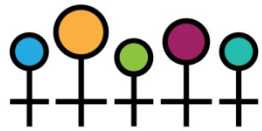
- Enhance mind's ability to affect bodily functions and symptoms
- Achieving deep relaxation can help ease stress, renew the body; techniques include:
 - Meditation, mindfulness, guided visualization, yoga, Tai Chi
- Studies suggest:
 - Mindfulness meditation may prevent CD4 cells from decreasing when a person living with HIV is under stress
 - In small study, transcendental meditation improved quality of life of those living with HIV; longer study planned



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Herbs and Dietary Supplements

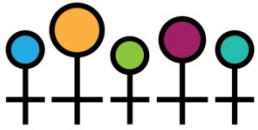
- May include herbs, Chinese herbs, foods and vitamins
- Important to discuss all herbs and supplements with provider to prevent interactions with HIV drugs
 - St. John's Wort, herbal treatment for depression, affects how PIs and NNRTIs act
 - U.S. FDA recommends people taking any type of HIV drugs **NOT** take St. John's Wort
- Most supplements in the U.S. are not regulated by the FDA



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Complementary Treatment Considerations

- Providers consider health and wellness factors including:
 - Medical history and other conditions
 - Lifestyle
 - Support systems
- Tailored program for each patient, may involve:
 - Diet change; nutritional changes
 - Vitamin and mineral supplements
 - Digestive health treatments
 - Physical activity and exercise
 - Stress reduction

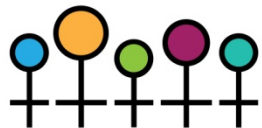


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Conclusion

Remember, talk to your provider about any complementary treatments before you use them!

- Medical community is increasingly recommending complementary therapies for many types of conditions
- NIH has developed a department called The National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health (NCCIH) dedicated to the study of these treatments



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Learn More!

- To learn more, please read the full fact sheet on this topic:
 - [Complementary Therapies](#)
- For more fact sheets and to connect to our community of women living with HIV, visit:
 - www.thewellproject.org
 - www.facebook.com/thewellproject
 - www.twitter.com/thewellproject